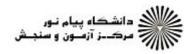
1+: [+

كارشناسي



| سری سوال : یک ۱ | : ٠ زمان آزمون (دقيقه) : تستى : ۶۰ تشريحي : ٠ | | تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريحي | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | انگلیسی ۲ | عنـــوان درس: متون اختصاص _ح | | |
| | | لاعات ودانش شناسی۱۲۱۲۱۵۵ | رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: علم اط | | |
| 1-"Computer offers a much greater degree of flexibility in the way work is organized." What does flexibility mean? | | | | | |
| 1. not being stiff | ^{2.} predictability | 3. motion | ^{4.} activity | | |
| 2-"library users in the reading hall were honed by fresh air and exercise." What does hone mean? | | | | | |
| 1. direct | ^{2.} decrease | 3. excel | ^{4.} increase | | |
| 3-"Internet invention was a significant event for library services." What does significant mean? | | | | | |
| 1. trivial | 2. usual | ^{3.} important | ^{4.} extraordinary | | |
| 4-In a large resort you can enjoy all the comfort and of modern life. | | | | | |
| 1. convene | 2. conveniently | 3. convenient | 4. convenience | | |
| 5-The teacher the students to use all their dexterity in completing the project. | | | | | |
| 1. encouragingly | ^{2.} encouraged | 3. encouraging | 4. encouragement | | |
| 6-" For doing most scient What does assumptions | • | otions must be provided | ." | | |
| 1. hypotheses | 2. complexities | ^{3.} predictions | 4. complications | | |
| 7-The of social class became more prominent after the industrial revolution in Europe. | | | | | |
| 1. idiom | ^{2.} frequency | 3. complexity | ^{4.} concept | | |
| 8-"The success or failure of a search engine depends on a wide variety of factors." What does depend on mean? | | | | | |
| 1. rely on | 2. put forward | 3. recognize | 4. connect | | |
| 9-Yahoo and Google are | considered to | be as general search eng | gines. | | |
| 1. proving | ^{2.} rating | 3. ranking | ^{4.} taking | | |
| 10- "Do you agree with the What does statement m | | | | | |
| 1. assertion | 2. instruction | ^{3.} length | 4. agression | | |
| 11-Statistical and probabilistic search engines use statistics and probability to the similarity of any document in a database to a query. | | | | | |
| 1. predictive | 2. predictively | ^{3.} predict | 4. prediction | | |

صفحه ۲ از ۳ =



| سری سوال: یک ۱ | زمان ازمون (دفيفه): نستى : ۶۰ نشريحى: ٠ | | عداد سوالات: نستى : 30 ٪ نشريحى: |
|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | گلیسی ۲ | عنــــوان درس: متون اختصاصی ان |
| | | بات ودانش شناسی ۱۲۱۲۱۵۵ | رش ته تحصیلی/کد درس: علم اطلاء |
| 12-" Some indexing metho What does ambiguous n | _ | o be understood easily | /. " |
| 1. easy | ^{2.} frightening | ^{3.} important | ^{4.} vague |
| 13-The main of ca | taloging and classification | n system is on the sub | jects. |
| 1. emphasis | 2. endeavor | 3. designation | 4. implement |
| 14-"The mandatory budge countries." What does mandatory in | | opointed the people of | some Europian |
| 1. compulsory | ^{2.} free | 3. substitutional | ^{4.} portrayal |
| 15-If you use something in and unusual results. | in a way, you use | e it in a new way that | produces interesting |
| 1. creatively | ^{2.} creative | ^{3.} creation | ^{4.} create |
| 16-The outside of p | oublic library buildings is | somehow different in e | every country. |
| 1. architecture | 2. evaluation | 3. armchair | ^{4.} algorithm |
| 17-"The titles Library and overlap." What does overlap mea | | nd Information technolo | gy management |
| 1. coincide | 2. process | 3. refine | ^{4.} happen |
| 18-Eating is like other bo | dily such as sleepi | ing, peeing, walking, and | sneezing. |
| 1. functional | ^{2.} functions | ^{3.} function | ^{4.} functionally |
| 19-"Books are to be accessible m | • | school libraries." | |
| 1. reachable | ^{2.} gradable | ^{3.} codified | ^{4.} collected |
| 20-There exists a(n)economic cooperation | • | lations and for the org | anization for |
| 1. poor | 2. unstable | 3. depository | 4. arranged |
| 21-There are rich libraries | s in some educational | in Iran. | |
| 1. rooms | 2. buildings | 3. stores | ^{4.} institutions |
| 22-"Typically, one will find What does typically me | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | uses the library frequer | ntly." |
| 1. hardly | 2. never | 3. fortunately | ^{4.} usually |

= نیمسال دوم ۹۴-۱۳۹۳



1+:14

كارشناسي



| سری سوال: یک ۱ | له): تستى: 60 تشريحى: 0 | زمان آزمون (دقية | ىداد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريحى : 0 |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | | ی ۲ | عنــــوان درس: متون اختصاصی انگلیس |
| | | دانش شناسی۱۲۱۲۱۵۵ | <mark>ِشته تحصیلی/کد درس:</mark> علم اطلاعات وه |
| 23-If something is | , it is large enough | to be noticed or to b | e significant for future |
| 1. measurable | ^{2.} measurably | ^{3.} measure | 4. measurement |
| 24-"For planning reading library users." What does assess me | | rary buildings, you shou | uld assess the number of |
| 1. manage | ^{2.} evaluate | 3. import | 4. inform |
| 25-The librarian has four from the library. | nd no of a bo | ook theft, yet some bo | oks have been stolen |
| 1. function | 2. exceptation | ^{3.} evidence | 4. contrast |
| 26-"The interpretation o What does interpretat | | knowing how they we | re obtained is difficult." |
| 1. reviewing | ^{2.} explanation | 3. originality | ^{4.} permitting |
| 27-He had a number of | for his invention | s, securing the copyrigh | t for himself. |
| 1. decisions | ^{2.} impulse | 3. neglecting | 4. patents |
| 28-The process of of publication. | an article can take u _l | o a year depending on | the journal and the period |
| 1. idiom | ^{2.} referee | 3. spread | 4. scholary |
| 29-"Date of publication What does suppleme | | oplement to the book l | abel in some libraries." |
| 1. interpretation | 2. assessment | ^{3.} reduction | 4. complement |
| 30-What does "Appeal" r | nean? | | |
| 1. Charm | ^{2.} Parallel | ^{3.} Stagger | ^{4.} Narrator |
| | | | |
| | | | |