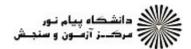
كارشناسي





سری سوال: یک ۱	ِن (دقیقه) : تستی : ۵۵ تشریحی: ۰	ی: ۰ زمان آزمو	تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريح			
		۳،زبان تخصصی ۴	عنـــوان درس: زبان تخصصی			
	چندبخشی)۱۲۱۸۲۶۱	ت دولتی ۱۲۱۲۰۲۵ - ، مدیریت دولتی (رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مدیری			
1-It is difficult to assess the impact of the president's speech. assess means						
^{1.} advice	^{2.} complete	^{3.} reject	4. evaluate			
2-The society has many affiliations throughout the country. affiliation means						
1. employment	2. attachment	3. development	4. management			
3-Resolution of the issue turns often on <u>financial</u> support. financial means						
1. concerning money		2. based on the law				
3. concerning politics		4. based on the speech				
4-He is well-known for his prowess as a public speaker. prowess means						
^{1.} department	^{2.} ability	3. institution	4. promise			
5-she is going to excercise her constitutional rights. excercise means						
1. point out	2. challenge	3. make use of	^{4.} refuse			
6-They have <u>assigned</u> their	best man to the job. assig	n means				
1. allocate some task to someone		2. act in a particular way				
3. estimate the quality of	f something	4. perform what is required				
7-Every one should contribu	<u>ute</u> anything he or she can	afford. contribute means				
^{1.} make	2. help	^{3.} change	4. show			
8-There can be no <u>adequate</u> criteria by which the value of social science research can be judged. adequate means						
1. competent	2. consistent	3. subsequent	4. sufficient			
9-Let us assume some kind of trade-off and move on to more <u>significant</u> matters. significant means						
^{1.} usual	2. different	3. important	4. apparent			
10-Problems of measuremen	<u>ıt</u> are always somewhat al	bstract. measurement mea	ans			
1. argument	^{2.} assessment	3. judgment	4. instrument			
11-A person who tries to reach agreement by discussion is called						
1. contributor	2. negotiator	3. indicator	4. administrator			
12-In sum, communication involves the of relevant information.						
1. revolution	^{2.} disputation	3. tradition	4. transmission			

WWW,20FILE.ORG

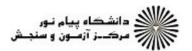
گاه دانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزمون و سنجش

سری سوال: یک ۱	ن (دقیقه): تستی: ۵۵٪ تشریحی: ۰	ى:·	تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريح		
		۲،زبان تخصصی ۴	عنـــوان درس: زبان تخصصی "		
	چندبخشی)۱۲۱۸۲۶۱	ت دولتی ۱۲۱۲۰۲۵ – ، مدیریت دولتی (۰	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مدیرین		
13-Organizations their members through communication which is intended to change their preference for certain outcomes.					
1. motivate	^{2.} symbolize	^{3.} execute	^{4.} survive		
14-There is a (n)	between an individual's h	eight and weight.			
^{1.} manipulation	2. disputation	3. correlation	4. occupation		
15-Some leaders simply can not lead unless they occupy the position.					
^{1.} crafty	^{2.} pinnacle	3. petty	4. multiple		
16-He is very in getting what he wants.					
1. fruitful	^{2.} empirical	3. forceful	^{4.} mutual		
17-Organizational communication also the member of the organization to one another.					
1. binds	^{2.} allows	3. fulfills	4. knows		
18-The relationship between politics and administration should be characterized as institutional interaction rather than					
^{1.} bravery	2. dichotomy	3. agency	4. authority		
19-He always supports his pa	arty's				
1. disaster	^{2.} campus	^{3.} disorder	4. candidate		
20-Where is the nearest	of the information	on?			
1. foreman	^{2.} assistant	^{3.} agenda	^{4.} bureau		
21-Concurrent validity is evaluated by showing how well test scores correspond to measures of concurrent criterion performance. concurrent validity means					
اعتبار سازه 1۰	اعتبار همزمان ^{2.}	اعتبار محتوا ^{.3}	اعتبار درونی 4.		
22-He has a lot of commitments and can not take on any more. commitment means					
توصیه 1.	^{2.} تخصص	^{3.} تحقیق	4. عهد		
23-Politics can <u>trade off against</u> the effectiveness of administrative decision. trade off against means					
اثبات کردن 1.	جايگزين شدن ^{2.}	^{3.} تخصیص دادن	منحرف شدن ^{4.}		
24- <u>Instructional communication</u> occurs quite commonly between peers. Instructional communication means					
ارتباط سازمانی 1۰	اقدام عقلانی ^{.2}	ارتباط دولتی ^{3.}	اقدام عملیاتی ^{4.}		



14:40

كارشناسي



سری سوال: یک ۱	ه):تستی:۵۵ تشریحی: ۰	زمان آزمون (دقیق	نعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠٪ تشريحى: ٠
		•	عنــــوان درس: زبان تخصصی ۳،زبان ت
	شی)۱۲۱۸۲۶۱	، ۱۲۱۲۰۲۵ - ، مدیریت دولتی (چندبخن 	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مدیریت دولتی
·		nistration brings with it a creation brings with it a creation method m	concern with the adequacy eans
عملکرد اساسی 1.	روش کمّی ^{۔2}	اصل اتفاقى ^{.3}	شیوه اجباری ^{4.}
26-Effectiveness is the e	extent to which an action	or activity achieves its sta	ated <u>purpose</u> .purpose
س _{رمایه} 1۰	اعتبار ^{2.}	هدف ^{3.}	^{4.} منبع
27-She has a strong sens	se of duty. duty means	•••••••	
1. responsibility	^{2.} colleague	^{3.} peer	^{4.} criterion
28- <u>It</u> is the amount of m	oney actually paid by sha	reholders for a share issu	e. it refers to
1. disaster	^{2.} arrow	3. aspect	4. capital
29- <u>It</u> is a statistic which ovariables. it refers to		elationship between two	sets of test scores or other
 correlation coeffice 	cient	^{2.} critical feature	
3. administrative law	N	4. criterion score	
30- <u>It</u> is a general term us or test. it refers to	•	elating to the dependabilit	ty of a measurement device
1. reliability	^{2.} complexity	3. community	4. flexibility