

سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۰ تشریحی:

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی:

عنوان درس: زبان انگلیسی ۲

رشته تحصیلی/ گد درس: مدیریت جهانگردی (چندبخشی) ۱۲۱۰۱۵ - مدیریت جهانگردی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۲

۱-Some of the major issues concerning the social and cultural impact of tourism will be discussed in this article. impact means

1. contact 2. right 3. subject 4. effect

2-They believe that individual cultures can withstand increased exposure to one another. withstand means

1. support 2. stand against 3. accept 4. point out

3-Young people these days have no moral. moral means

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|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. standards of good behavior | 2. sources of information |
| 3. protection of resources | 4. development of technology |

4-His aggressive reaction only exacerbated the situation. exacerbate means

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|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. make sth worse | 2. change sth |
| 3. make sth better | 4. provide sth |

5-Regional tourism can help maintain the cultural identity of minority cultural groups that otherwise might be submerged by the nation's dominant culture. submerge means

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|----------------------|--------------|
| 1. appear completely | 2. conclude |
| 3. hide completely | 4. introduce |

6-His attitude changed dramatically. dramatically means

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|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. finally | 2. physically and emotionally |
| 3. generally | 4. suddenly and noticeably |

7-His work is now regarded as emblematic of recent British fiction. emblematic means

1. symbolic 2. unusual 3. economic 4. social

8-Visitors to cities tend to be more affluent and therefore higher spenders. affluent means

1. serious 2. poor 3. wealthy 4. timid

9-Managers have some crucial roles when they face hotel disasters. crucial means

1. simple 2. difficult 3. accurate 4. important

10-The historic quarter of the city was very attractive. quarter means

1. exhibit 2. reason 3. feature 4. district

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11-The staple industries, which often created the modern industrial city, have gone into decline.
decline means

1. increase 2. reduce 3. argument 4. enhance

12-The countryside is a resource that is exploited for a variety of purposes. exploit means

1. explore 2. pay 3. explain 4. use

13-Urban tourism is concerned with diverse motivation. diverse means

1. attractive 2. various 3. administrative 4. obvious

14-The importance of tourism in the global economy is frequently expressed in terms of its contribution to income and payment. contribution means

1. need 2. product 3. help 4. document

15-Children are more susceptible to some diseases than adults. susceptible means

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|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. easily broken or destroyed | 2. available for use |
| 3. easily influenced or harmed by sth | 4. known to be true |

16-The sudden arrival of large numbers of people or large amounts of money is called

1. reward 2. commitment 3. influx 4. contingency

17-An area that is not cultivated or settled is called

1. panacea 2. wilderness 3. spectacle 4. entertainment

18-A person who is against sth and tries to change or stop it is called

1. opponent 2. souvenir 3. proponent 4. stimulus

19-An idea or a belief you have as a result of how you understand sth is called..... .

1. perception 2. welfare 3. congestion 4. pursuit

20-The controlled use and systematic protection of natural resources, such as forests, soil, and water systems are called

1. conservation 2. criteria 3. environment 4. scheme

21-There have been some between the two countries lately.

1. highlights 2. frictions 3. sewages 4. destinations

22-Tourism can be a major stimulus for conservation of important elements of the cultural of an area.

1. heritage 2. tolerance 3. exchange 4. hurricane

23-When water stands still in a place for some time it becomes

1. new 2. fresh 3. stagnant 4. pleasant

24-The government should the old policies of tourism and tourism management.

1. abandon 2. purchase 3. cooperate 4. consume

25-Tourism impact is very and so not very visible.

1. artificial 2. common 3. financial 4. diffuse

26-This machine chemical energy into electricity.

1. inherits 2. converts 3. measures 4. triggeres

27-The tallest buildings in London are small in with New York skyscrapers.

1. comparative 2. comparatively 3. compare 4. comparison

28-A specific project may provide for local people.

1. amenities 2. landscapes 3. minorities 4. relatives

29-The city is with numerous small parks.

1. remunerated 2. endowed 3. coordinated 4. allowed

30-There is a lagoon between Tehran and Qom."lagoon" means

1. salt-water lake 2. kinds of trips 3. fauna 4. market