



سری سوال : یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۱۰۰ تشریحی : ۰

تعداد سوالات : تستی : ۵۰ تشریحی : ۰

عنوان درس : دستورونگار ۲

رشته تحصیلی / کد درس : مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۲ - ، زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۰۹

1-The boy is by Mary.

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. going to be helped | 2. going to help |
| 3. to be help | 4. going to be help |

2- People speak Arabic in many countries, thus it can be said that Arabic in many countries.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. could speak | 2. can speak | 3. speaks | 4. is spoken |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|

3-Fred should about our change in plans.

- | | | | |
|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 1. told | 2. be told | 3. to be told | 4. be going to tell |
|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|

4-James should been told the news a long time ago.

- | | | | |
|---------|--------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. have | 2. has | 3. will have | 4. will has |
|---------|--------|--------------|-------------|

5-I am interested Greek literature.

- | | | | |
|---------|----------|-------|-------|
| 1. with | 2. about | 3. in | 4. to |
|---------|----------|-------|-------|

6-They are getting next month.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|------------|
| 1. to be marry | 2. to marry | 3. marry | 4. married |
|----------------|-------------|----------|------------|

7-The students are confused by the problem. They are students.

- | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. confused | 2. confusing | 3. to be confuse | 4. to be confusing |
|-------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|

8-Who are those men? I don't know who

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. where men are | 2. are those men | 3. those men are | 4. what men are |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|

9- he was talking about was interesting.

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1. Those | 2. What | 3. These | 4. Where |
|----------|---------|----------|----------|

10-A: Where? She's not in her room.

B: I don't know; ask her friend, Tina.

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. did Ruth go | 2. Ruth did go | 3. does Ruth go | 4. Ruth does go |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|

11-"My brother is a student." John said, "..... attending the university".

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------|
| 1. They are | 2. He is | 3. You are | 4. I am |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------|

12-A: "Watch TV."

B: She told me TV.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. that watching | 2. that to watch | 3. to watch | 4. who watched |
|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|

سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۵۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: دستورونگارشی ۲

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۲ - ، زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۰۹

13- Mustafa is free to go any place he wishes. He can go he wants.

1. whatever 2. whenever 3. wherever 4. however

14- The underlined words constitute a/n

"I thanked the woman who helped me".

1. adjective clause 2. adjective phrase 3. adverb clause 4. adverb phrase

15- Tell me about the people you visited when you were in Oxford.

1. since 2. as far as 3. because 4. whom

16- I worked at a company employees wanted to form a union.

1. who's 2. whose 3. whom 4. it's

17- In the following statement, the lack of commas before and after the adjective clause means that of the children wanted to play soccer.

"We took some children on a picnic. The children who wanted to pplay soccer ran to an open field as soon as we arrived at the park. "

1. all 2. only some 3. the total sum 4. the sum

18- The teachers discussed Jim, one of whose problems poor study habits.

1. was 2. were 3. is 4. are

19- a. An antecedent is a word.

b. a pronoun refers to this word.

An antecedent is a word a pronoun refers.

1. to which 2. which 3. that 4. whose

20- English has an alphabet consisting of 26 letters.

The underlined words constitute an

1. adverb clause 2. adjective clause 3. adjective phrase 4. adverb phrase

21- We talked about to Canada for our vacation.

1. going 2. to go 3. how going 4. when go

22- When the teacher asked him a question, Scott prestended what she was saying.

1. to undrestand 2. in order to undrestand
3. undrestanding 4. for undrestanding

23- I am to lift that box. I can lift it.

1. enough strength 2. strength enough 3. enough strong 4. strong enough



سری سوال : یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۱۰۰ تشریحی : ۰

تعداد سوالات : تستی : ۵۰ تشریحی : ۰

عنوان درس : دستورونگار ۲

رشته تحصیلی / کد درس : مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۲ - ، زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۰۹

24- I enjoyed to his party.

1. to be asked 2. asking 3. being asked 4. to ask

25- Don't let me to take my house keys with me.

1. forget 2. to forget 3. forgetting 4. to be forgotten

26- No one enjoys staying and up at the end of a long day.

1. cleaning 2. cleaned 3. clean 4. to clean

27- Neither my sister here.

1. or are not my parents 2. or my parents are not
3. nor are my parents 4. nor my parents are

28- When Abder was in New York, he stayed with his cousins.

The underlined part is the

1. adverb phrase 2. adjective clause 3. adverb clause 4. adjective phrase

29- We stayed there we finished our work.

1. as soon as 2. until 3. whenever 4. since

30- If it rains tomorrow, I my umbrella.

1. will take 2. would take 3. have to take 4. had to take

31- I will go swimming tomorrow unless it's

1. hot 2. not cold 3. cold 4. not hot

32- While sitting in class, I fell asleep.

The underlined part is the

1. reduced adverb clause 2. reduced adjective clause
3. noun clause 4. adjective clause

33- the weather was cold, we stayed home.

1. Because 2. Because of 3. Due to 4. Due to the fact

34- A storm was approaching;, the children stayed home.

1. as soon as 2. because of
3. therefore 4. due to the fact that

35- A: It was an enjoyable party that no one wanted to leave.

B: The party was enjoyable that no one wanted to leave.

1. such---- so 2. so-----such 3. so----- so 4. such ----- such



سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۵۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: دستورونگار ۲

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۲ - ، زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۰۹

36- If I had enough time, I TV.

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1. have watched | 2. had had watched |
| 3. would watch | 4. had watched |

37- Sally would answer the phone if she in her office right now.

- | | | | |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. were | 2. was | 3. has been | 4. had been |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|

38- John told several good friends a lie, and they recently found out. You might say that if he had been truthful, he my trust.

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1. wouldn't have lost | 2. won't lose |
| 3. won't have lost | 4. wouldn't lost |

39- I'm not at home, but I wish I

- | | | | |
|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| 1. did | 2. were | 3. had | 4. have |
|--------|---------|--------|---------|

40- Mr. Smith is an intelligent and stimulating teacher, he takes an interest in the personal wellbeing of all his students.

- | | | | |
|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| 1. so | 2. but | 3. or | 4. and |
|-------|--------|-------|--------|

41- She washing the windows when it to rain.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. had just finished - started | 2. just finished - started |
| 3. just finished - had started | 4. just finished - just had started |

42- Prof. Emery, about everyone is talking these days, has written a very controversial book.

- | | | | |
|---------|--------|----------|--------|
| 1. whom | 2. who | 3. whose | 4. how |
|---------|--------|----------|--------|

43- Fools rush in where angels fear to tread. (Alexander Pope)

Alexander Pope said that fools where angels to tread.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. rush in - feared | 2. rushed in - feared |
| 3. rush in - fear | 4. rushed in - fear |

44- While he was playing golf in the afternoon heat, he a sunstroke.

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. suffers | 2. suffered | 3. will suffer | 4. is suffering |
|------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|

45- Thier rejection of that good offer me.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. surprises | 2. surprise | 3. have surprised | 4. have to surprise |
|--------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------|

46- The young child, the only survivor of the plane crash, was rushed to the hospital at once. the underlined words are our

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. adjective phrase | 2. adjective clause | 3. appositive | 4. adverb phrase |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|



سری سوال : یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۱۰۰ تشریحی : ۰

تعداد سوالات : تستی : ۵۰ تشریحی : ۰

عنوان درس : دستورونگارش ۲

رشته تحصیلی / کد درس : مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۲ - ، زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۰۹

47- "I wish that it would stop raining".

In the above statement, one can say that wishes would often represent time.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1. past-to-present | 2. present-to-future |
| 3. simple present | 4. simple past |

48- The aging couple are counting on financially by thier children.

- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. helped | 2. helping | 3. been helped | 4. being helped |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------------|

49- The car is for six people to sit comfortably.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. large enough | 2. enough large | 3. too enough | 4. enough too |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|

50- she was already a grandmother, she looked very young.

- | | | | |
|--------------|--------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. Similarly | 2. But | 3. Although | 4. Otherwise |
|--------------|--------|-------------|--------------|